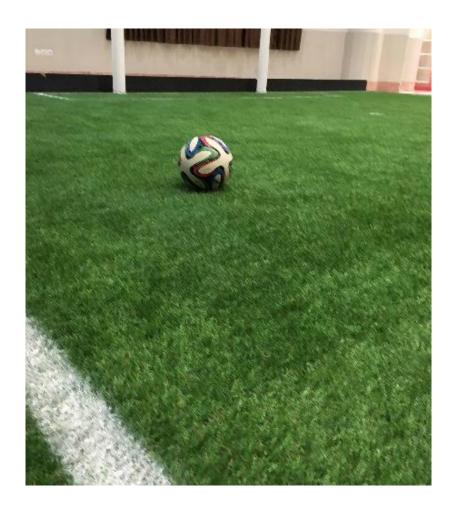
Fast Soccer Ball Detection using Deep Learning

Spring 2017

Slides by Aref Moqadam Mehr 1

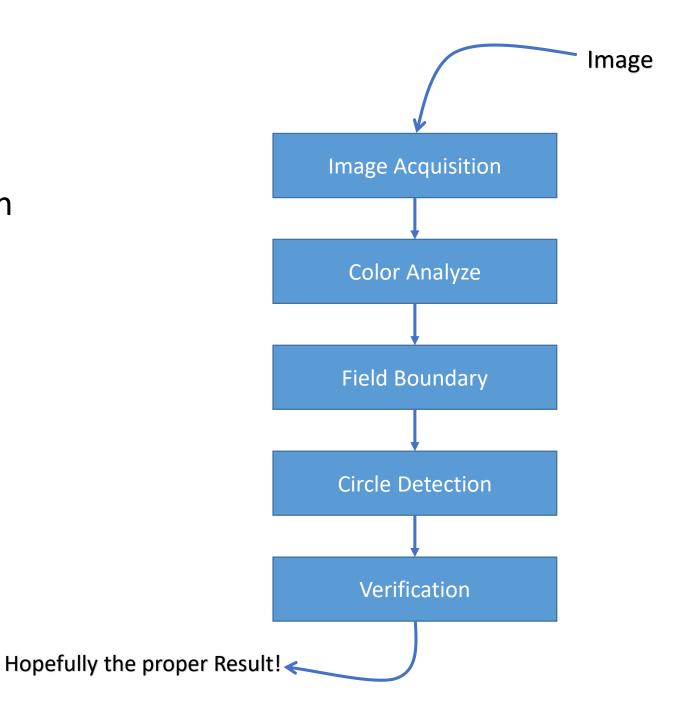
Problem Statement

- RoboCup Soccer League
 - NAO
 - HSL
- Field is no longer Color-Coded
- Unspecified Patterns (in HSL)
- NAO white robot in addition to all the problems



Intuition

- Image Acquisition
- Color Analysis
- Field Boundary
- Circle Detection
- Verification

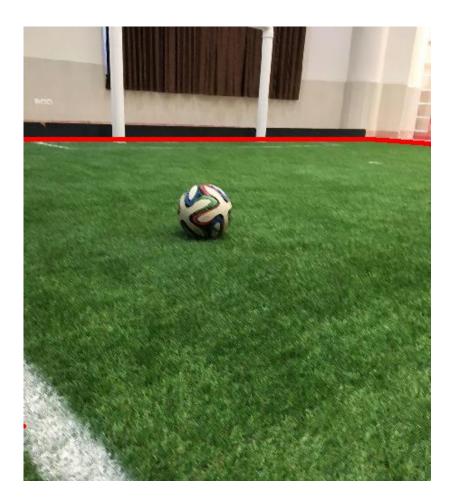


Color Analyze

Field Boundary Detection

Field Boundary

- Field Boundary Detection
 - Ball is always inside the field
 - Outside of the field is usually crowded with patterns.



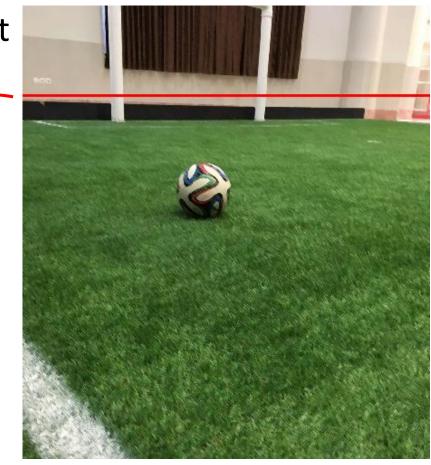
Field-Green Color

• When the robot is inside the field <u>usually</u> it see <u>mostly</u> green (When the image is cropped below the horizon).

Horizon



Thomas Reinhardt



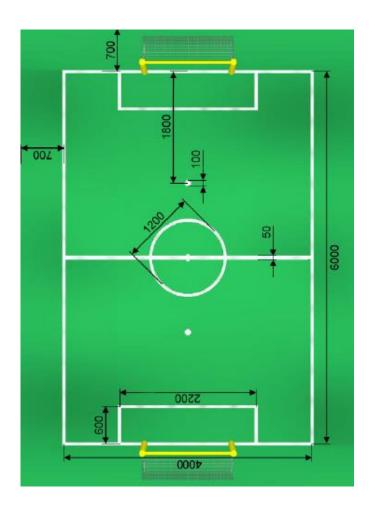
Horizon

- "In graphical perspective, a vanishing point is a point in the image plane where the projections of a set of parallel lines in space intersect." -Wikipedia
- Horizon is the projection of the infinity (or a very distanced point)



In our work

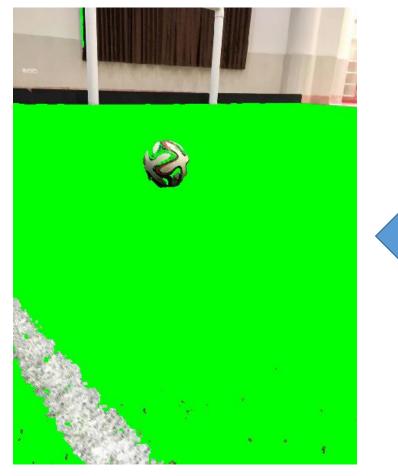
- The highest pixel for field boundary in image is when robot is at one corner and observing the diagonal corner of the field.
- Infinity = ~10meters
- Project a point in 10m distance = horizon

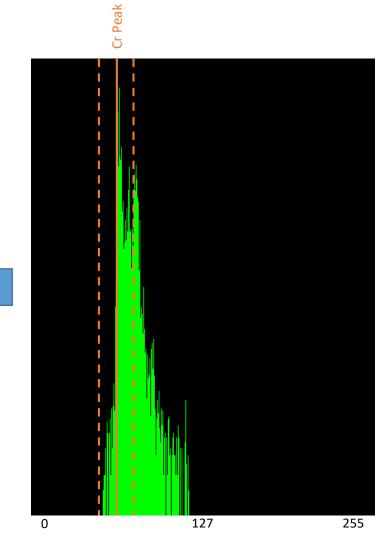


Again Field-Green Color

p = peak(histogram)

 $isGreen(P) = |P - p| < \delta$





Field Boundary

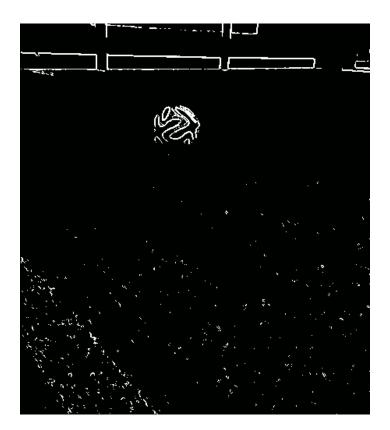
Run Ups Results

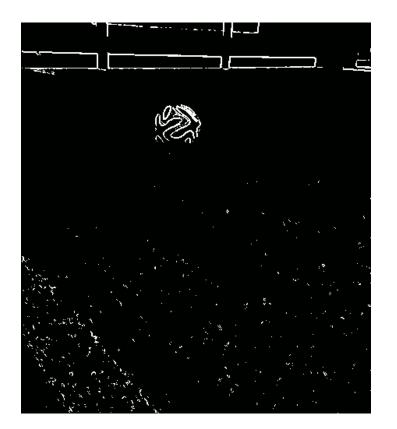


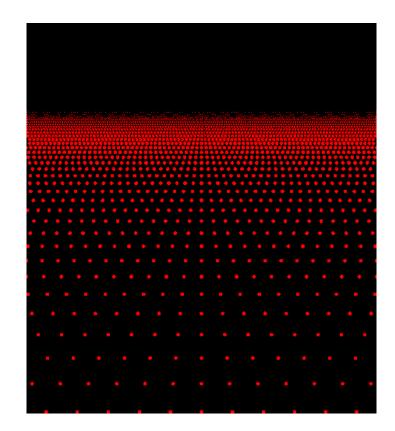
Andrew's monotone Results

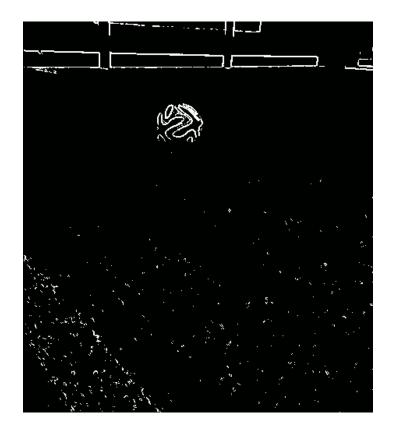


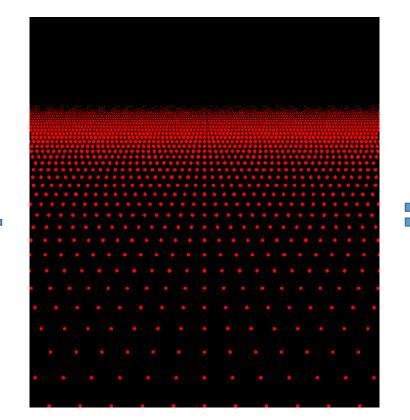
An essential Step through ball detection

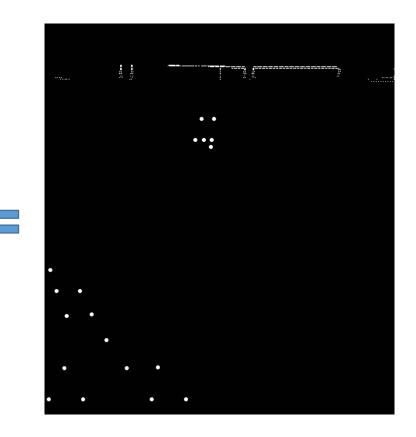












Here is the magic

- Distributed of Random Points
- Very Efficient





Circle Detection

Main step of the algorithm

First Things First!

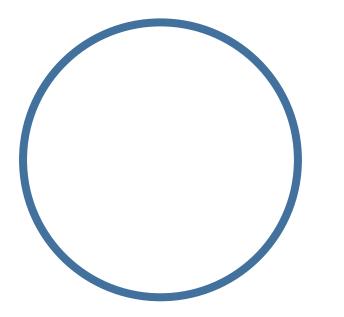
• Circle Detection

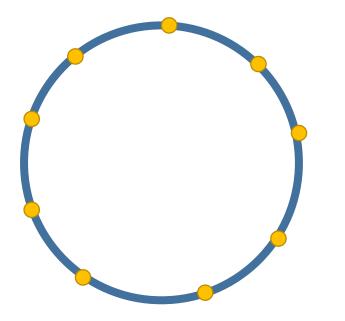


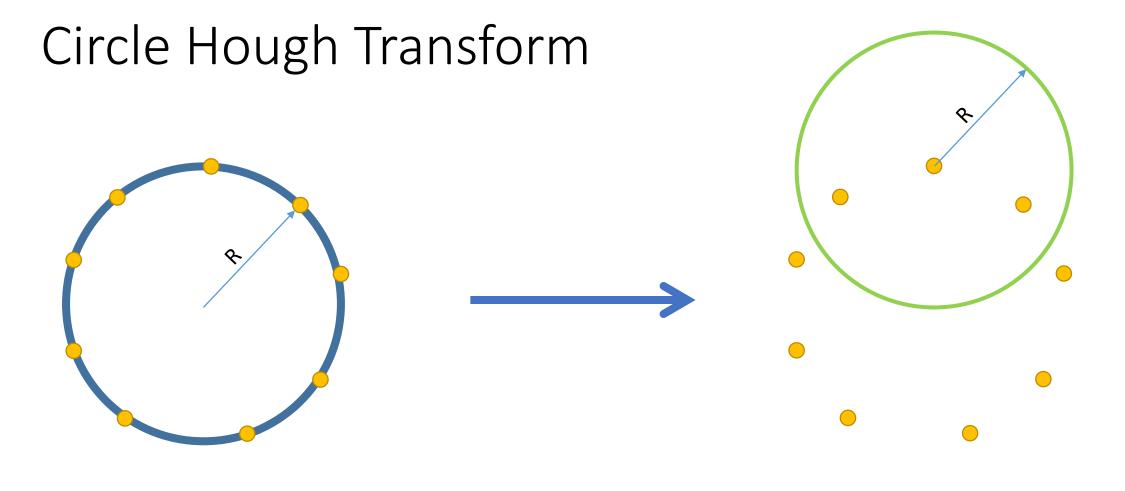
First Things First!

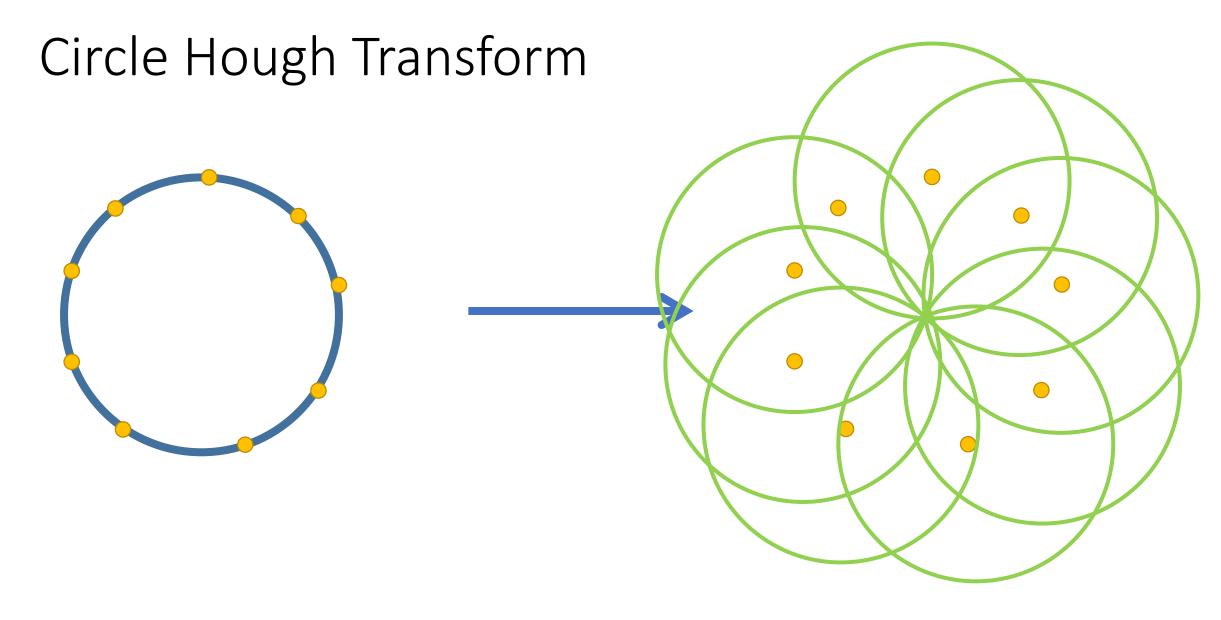
- Circle Detection
 - CHT
 - RHT
 - FRHT

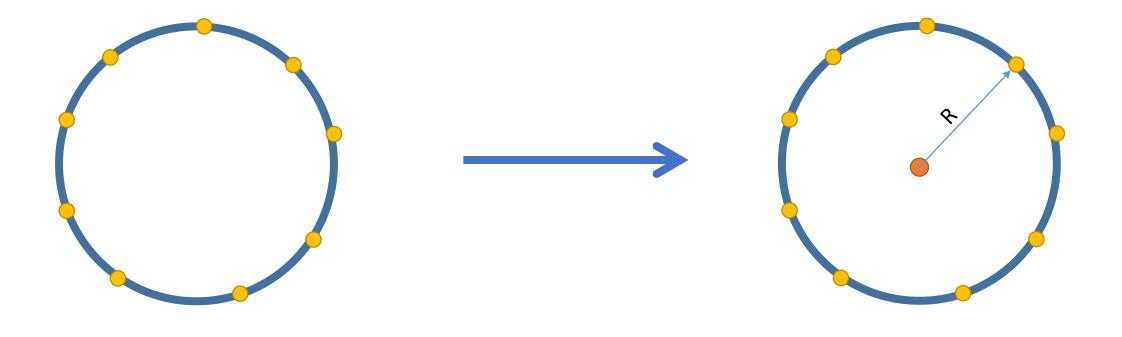


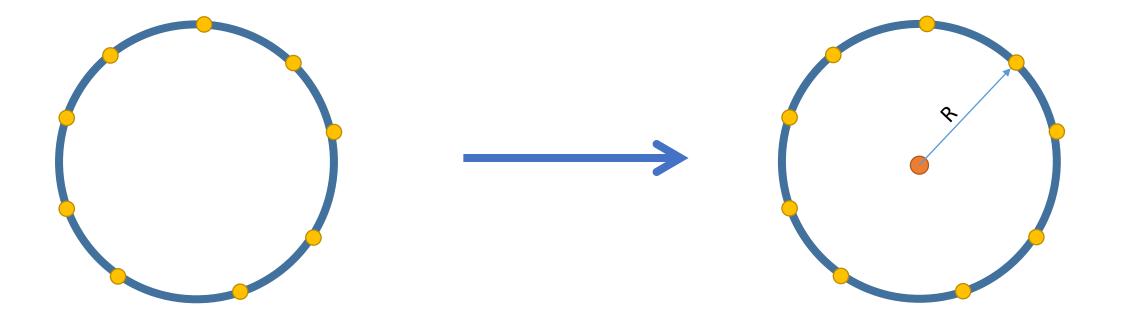












But What is 'R'?!!

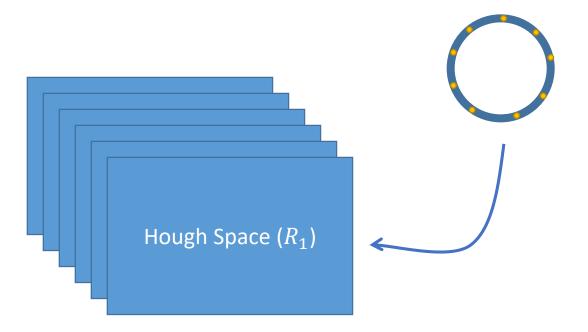
Since distance effect on the 'R' value

But What is 'R'?!!

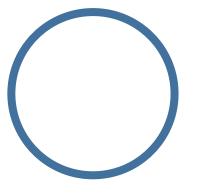


Multi Radius Hough Detection

• Very inefficient both in terms of processing power and memory

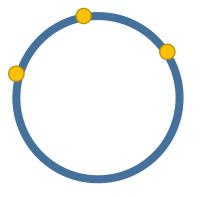


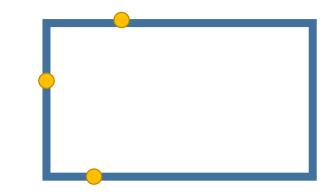
• How it works?



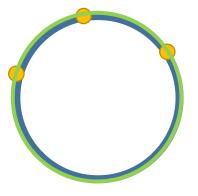


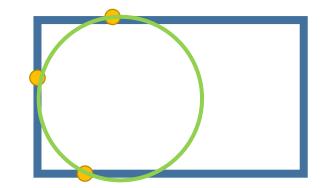
• How it works?

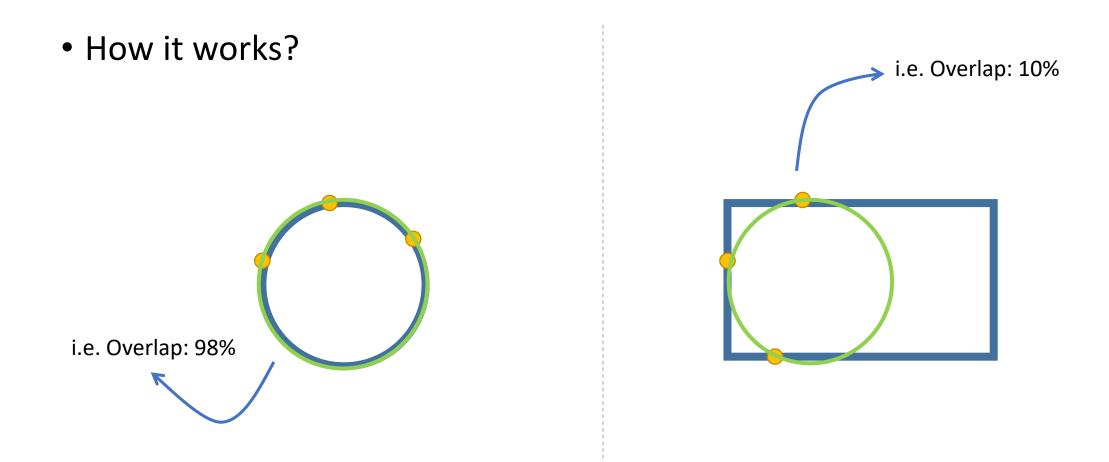




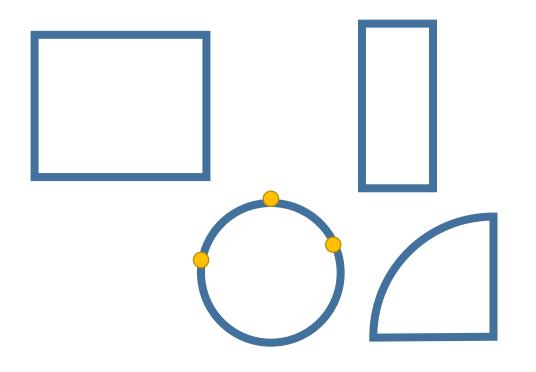
• How it works?

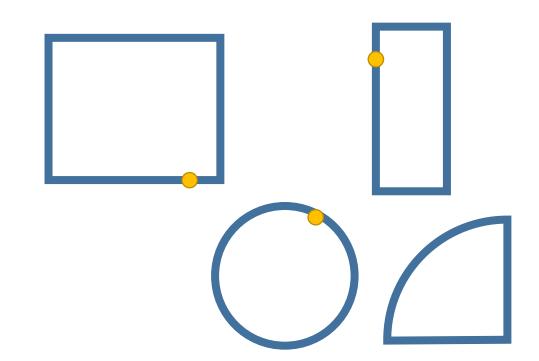






- Much Faster
- But does not have enough accurate
- Require lots of iteration to guarantee an acceptable result.

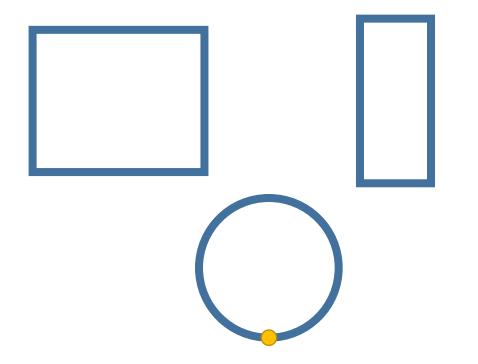


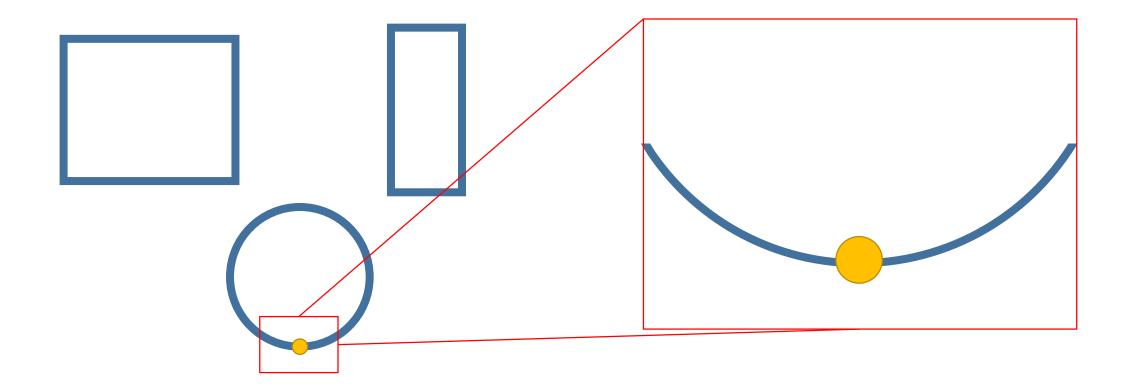


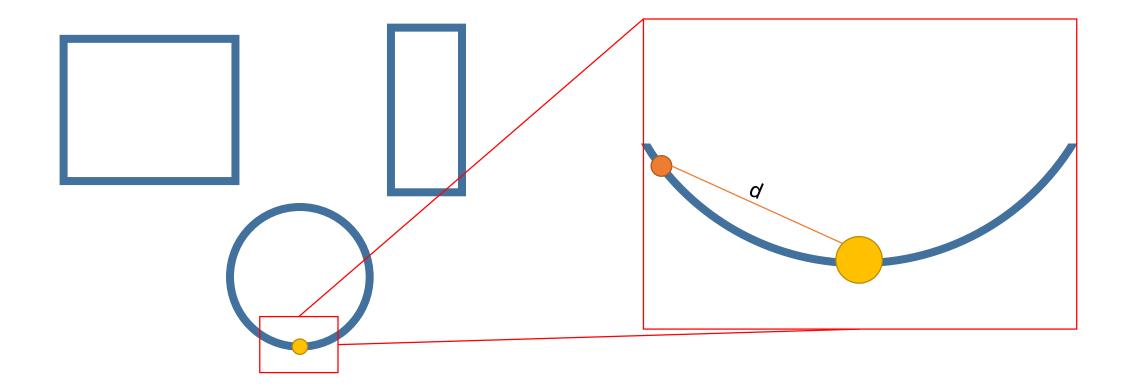
Less Probable (i.e. 0.01%)

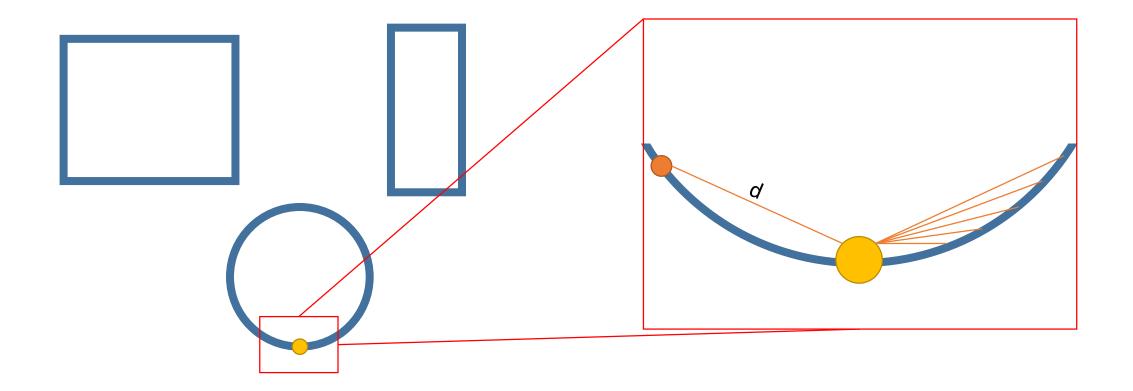
More Likely to happen (i.e. 99.99%)

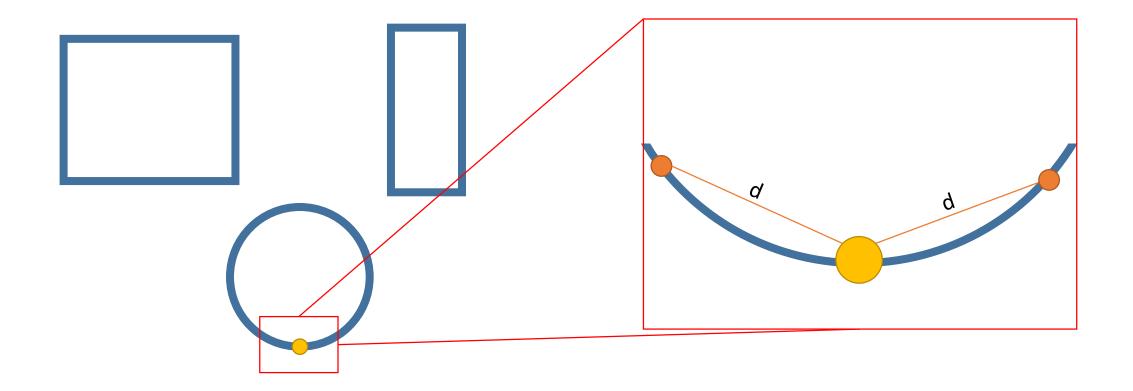
- To solve the accuracy.
- Hence, reduce the maximum iteration required
- Thus, become even faster!

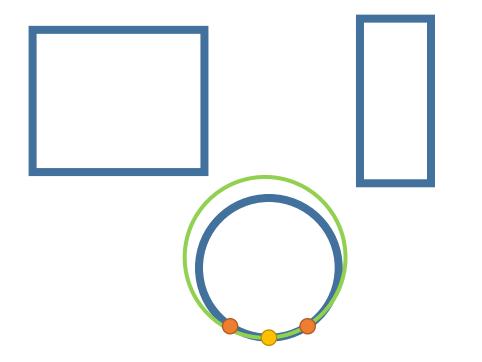


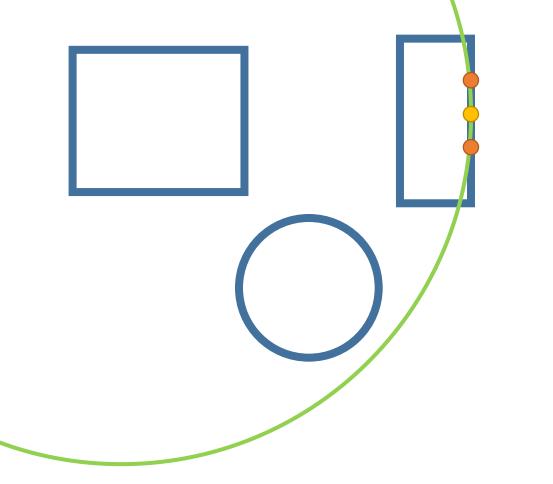












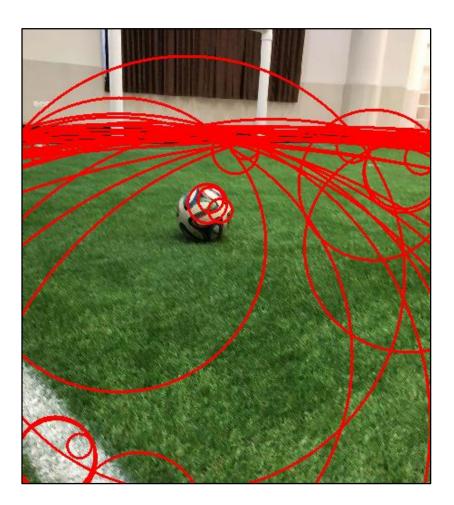
- There is an extracted circle for each iteration
- Here in our project:
 - Filter by size
 - Filter by green and non-green pixel percentage inside the circle



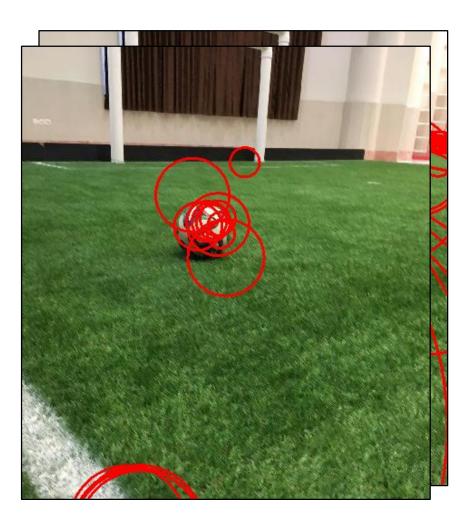
Validation

Final Step

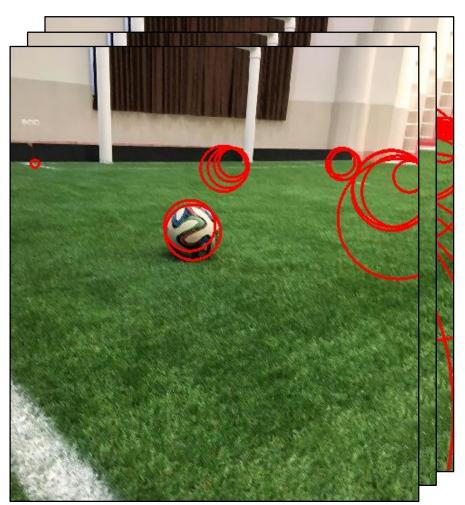
- <u>Size</u>
- White Pixels Maximum
- Non-Green Pixels Limit
- Projected Size
- Pattern



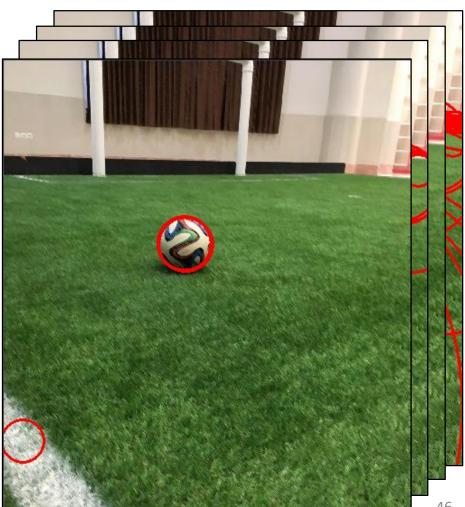
- Size
- White Pixels Maximum
- Non-Green Pixels Limit
- Projected Size
- Pattern



- Size
- White Pixels Maximum
- Non-Green Pixels Limit
- Projected Size
- Pattern



- Size
- White Pixels Maximum
- Non-Green Pixels Limit
- Projected Size
- Pattern



Pattern Recognition

How to precisely find the pattern

Approaches (currently under progress)

- OpenCV :: AdaBoost
- Random Forest
- YOLO
 - Use Darknet Library (found at: <u>https://pjreddie.com/darknet</u>)
- Design New CNN

Thanks To

- MRL Humanoid (MRL-HSL)
- MRL Biped Lab. (MRL-SPL)
- MRL3D Soccer Simulation Team

Any Questions?

- The code can be found on my github at:
 - <u>http://github.com/arefmq/SoccerBallDetection</u>
- The documentation is available on my profile at:
 - <u>http://mrl-spl.ir/~moqadam/downloads</u>
- You can also reach my by email via:
 - <u>a.moqadam@mrl-spl.ir</u>